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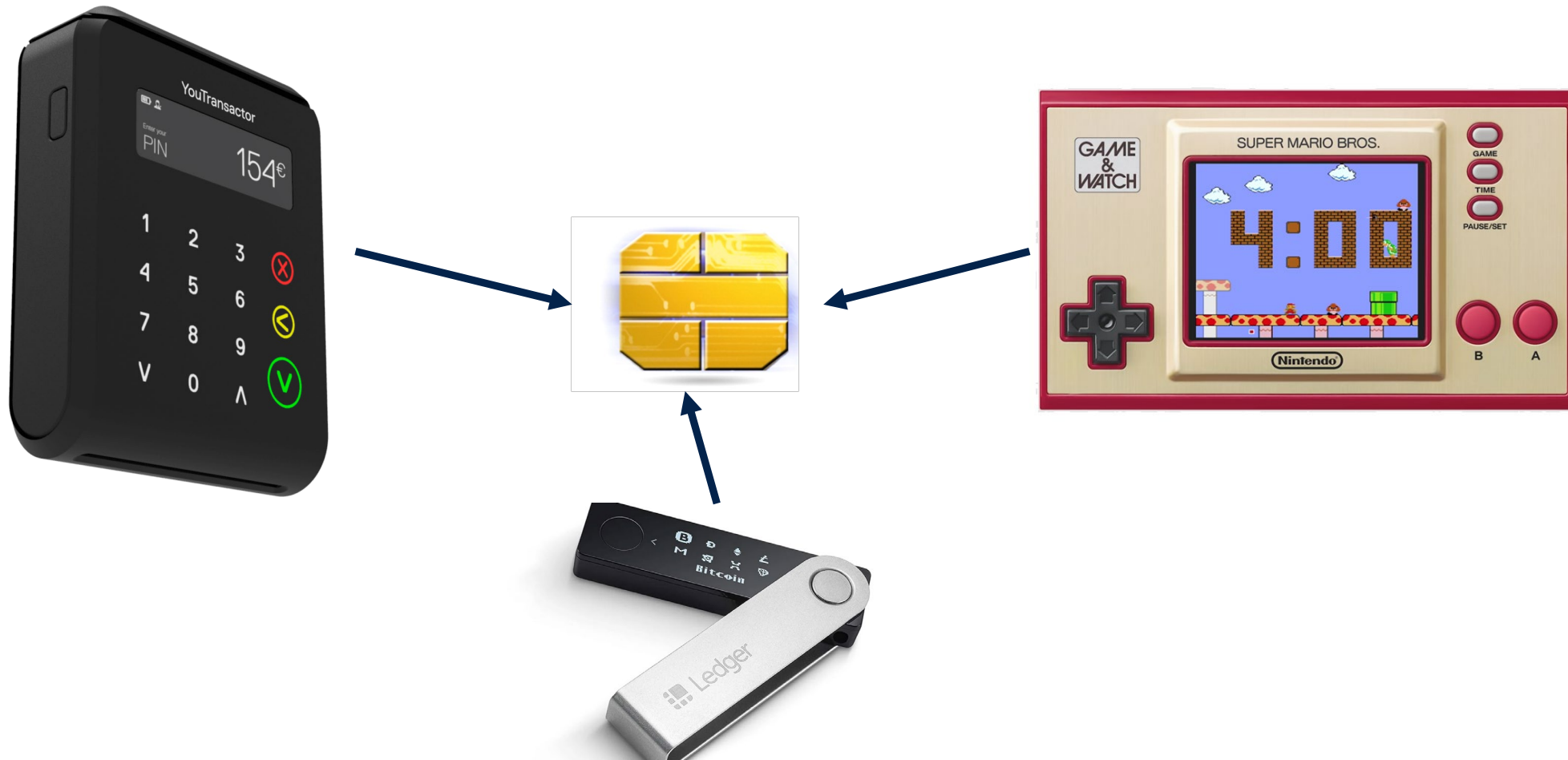
Trusted Chips, Threats and Protections

Olivier Van Nieuwenhuyze

Security Standardization Senior manager

STMicroelectronics

What Is the Common Point ?



Why Semiconductor are Key for Protecting Europe Interest



Devices: billions

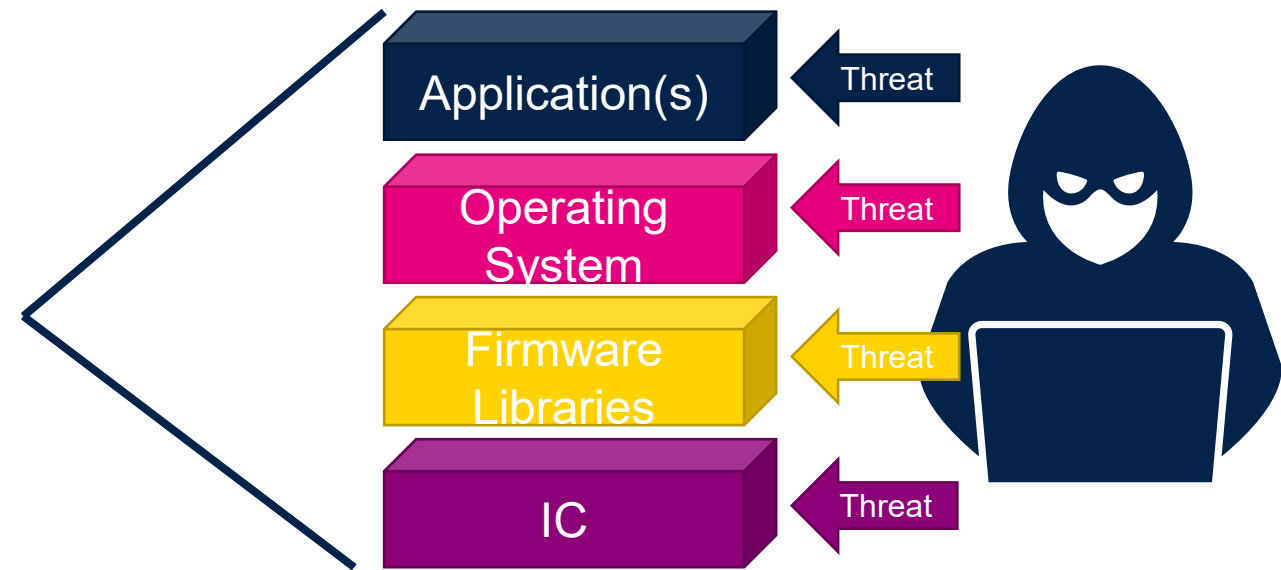


Platforms: few hundreds



Chip vendors : few tenths

Chip Composition



Great Diversification of known attack techniques

- Denial of Services (DoS)
- Man in the Middle
- Phishing
- Break/stole password
- Malware ...
- Ransomware
- Stole goods
- ...



Two Categories of Attacks

- No physical access to the device
 - Attack default value
 - i.e.: Admin account with default password / default test key ...
 - Install malware application
 - ...
- Physical access to the device
 - See next slide



Attacks and HW & SW Countermeasures

A complete set

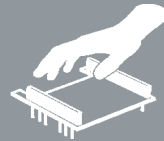
More expensive, More time consuming

Major attacks



Software attack

- Network protocols weakness (weak ciphers, short keys, mitm*)
- Flaws in software design / implementation, buffer overflows
- Debug interfaces, gaining admin rights



Board-level attack

- Single/Differential Power Analysis (SPA/DPA), emission analysis, timing analysis
- Fault injection: glitches, laser, light, UV, X-rays
- Memory probing



Silicon-level attack

- Device delayering, circuit reverse engineering, micro-probing
- Fault injection: Focused Ion Beam
- Advanced microscopy



- No external debug interface on products (Jtag)
- Hardware secure crypto fast computing
- Enhanced security of Secure Component with physical isolation of security toolbox (secure key storage, secure & trusted execution in secure element)



- Randomization
- Secured crypto-engines
- Design Flow
- OS features (MPU)
- Jittered Clocks
- Data whitening
- Environment Sensors
- Integrity checkers
- Code Signature
- Internal Clock Integrity



- Physical Shield
- Glue Logic Layout
- Bus & Memory Scrambling
- Bus & Memory Encryption
- Anti-reverse
- Advanced Lithography

Security Scalability

More information on the  presentation

Patch Deployment

- Patch deployment is not simple
- Usually, no access to the final device
- The supply chain includes several actors (up to the end device)
- Patch needs to be included into a general device patch management/deployment
 - Complex if several components are present in the device

Conclusion

- Chips are present in all digital products
 - Provide a horizontal view
- Notion of supply chain and several actors to build a product
- Security is not black or white
 - Additional dimension of the threats with physical access to the device
 - Security Scalability (Robustness + Assurance)
- Specific management vs General ICT product
- Standard(s) may improve the link between all different actors



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